LEGISLATIVE BILL 93

Approved by the Governor February 20, 2003

Introduced by Schrock, 38

AN ACT relating to the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act; to amend section 46-656.07, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002; to redefine a term; and to repeal the original section.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 46-656.07, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is amended to read:

46-656.07. For purposes of the Municipal and Rural Domestic Ground Water Transfers Permit Act, the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act, and sections 46-601 to 46-613.02, 46-636, 46-637, and 46-651 to 46-655, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) Person shall mean a natural person, a partnership, a limited liability company, an association, a corporation, a municipality, an irrigation district, an agency or a political subdivision of the state, or a department, an agency, or a bureau of the United States;

(2) Ground water shall mean that water which occurs in or moves, seeps, filters, or percolates through ground under the surface of the land;

(3) Contamination or contamination of ground water shall mean nitrate nitrogen or other material which enters the ground water due to action of any person and causes degradation of the quality of ground water sufficient to make such ground water unsuitable for present or reasonably foreseeable beneficial uses;

(4) District shall mean a natural resources district operating pursuant to Chapter 2, article 32;

(5) Illegal water well shall mean (a) any water well operated or constructed without or in violation of a permit required by the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act, (b) any water well not in compliance with rules and regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to the act, (c) any water well not properly registered in accordance with sections 46-602 to 46-604, or (d) any water well not in compliance with any other applicable laws of the State of Nebraska or with rules and regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to such laws;

(6) To commence construction of a water well shall mean the beginning of the boring, drilling, jetting, digging, or excavating of the actual water well from which ground water is to be withdrawn;

(7) Management area shall mean any area so designated by a district pursuant to section 46-656.20, by the Director of Environmental Quality pursuant to section 46-656.39, or by the Director of Natural Resources pursuant to section 46-656.52. Management area shall include a control area or a special ground water quality protection area designated prior to July 19, 1996:

(8) Management plan shall mean a ground water management plan developed by a district and submitted to the Director of Natural Resources for review pursuant to sections 46-656.12 to 46-656.15;

review pursuant to sections 46-656.12 to 46-656.15; (9) Ground water reservoir life goal shall mean the finite or infinite period of time which a district establishes as its goal for maintenance of the supply and quality of water in a ground water reservoir at the time a ground water management plan is adopted;

(10) Board shall mean the board of directors of a district;

(11) Irrigated acre shall mean any acre that is certified as such pursuant to rules and regulations of the district and that is actually capable of being supplied water through irrigation works, mechanisms, or facilities existing at the time of the allocation;

(12) Acre-inch shall mean the amount of water necessary to cover an acre of land one inch deep;

(13) Subirrigation or subirrigated land shall mean the natural occurrence of a ground water table within the root zone of agricultural vegetation, not exceeding ten feet below the surface of the ground;

(14) Best management practices shall mean schedules of activities, maintenance procedures, and other management practices utilized to prevent or reduce present and future contamination of ground water which may include irrigation scheduling, proper <u>rate and</u> timing of fertilizer and pesticide application, and other fertilizer and pesticide management programs. In determining the rate of fertilizer application, the district shall consult with the University of Nebraska or a certified crop advisor certified by the LB 93

American Society of Agronomy;

(15) Point source shall mean any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including, but not limited to, any pipe, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, vessel, other floating craft, or other conveyance, over which the Department of Environmental Quality has regulatory authority and from which a substance which can cause or contribute to contamination of ground water is or may be discharged;

(16) Allocation shall mean the allotment of a specified total number of acre-inches of irrigation water per irrigated acre per year or an average number of acre-inches of irrigation water per irrigated acre over any reasonable period of time;

(17) Rotation shall mean a recurring series of use and nonuse of irrigation wells on an hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, or yearly basis; (18) Water well shall have the same meaning as in section 46-601.01;

and

(19) Surface water project sponsor shall mean an irrigation district created pursuant to Chapter 46, article 1, a reclamation district created pursuant to Chapter 46, article 5, or a public power and irrigation district created pursuant to Chapter 70, article 6.

Sec. 2. Original section 46-656.07, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is repealed.

LB 93