LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 643

FINAL READING

Introduced by McDonnell, 5; Hilkemann, 4; Blood, 3. Read first time January 23, 2019 Committee: Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to emergency response personnel; to amend
 section 35-1001, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to change
 provisions relating to death or disability prima facie evidence
 requirements for a firefighter or firefighter-paramedic as
 prescribed; and to repeal the original section.

6 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

LB643 2020

Section 1. Section 35-1001, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 35-1001 (1) For a firefighter or firefighter-paramedic who is a 4 member of a paid fire department of a municipality or a rural or suburban fire protection district in this state, including a municipality having a 5 home rule charter or a municipal authority created pursuant to a home 6 7 rule charter that has its own paid fire department, and who suffers death or disability as a result of cancer, including, but not limited to, 8 9 breast cancer, ovarian cancer, and cancer affecting the skin or the 10 central nervous, lymphatic, digestive, hematological, urinary, skeletal, oral, or prostate systems, evidence which demonstrates that (a) such 11 firefighter or firefighter-paramedic successfully passed a physical 12 13 examination upon entry into such service or subsequent to such entry, which examination failed to reveal any evidence of cancer, (b) such 14 firefighter or firefighter-paramedic was exposed to a known carcinogen, 15 as defined on July 19, 1996, by the International Agency for Research on 16 17 Cancer, while in the service of the fire department, and (c) such carcinogen is reported by the agency to be a suspected or known cause of 18 the type of cancer the firefighter or firefighter-paramedic has, shall be 19 prima facie evidence that such death or disability resulted from 20 injuries, accident, or other cause while in the line of duty for the 21 purposes of sections 16-1020 to 16-1042, a firefighter's pension plan 22 established pursuant to a home rule charter, and a firefighter's pension 23 24 or disability plan established by a rural or suburban fire protection 25 district.

26 (2) For a firefighter or firefighter-paramedic who is a member of a 27 paid fire department of a municipality or a rural or suburban fire 28 protection district in this state, including a municipality having a home 29 rule charter or a municipal authority created pursuant to a home rule 30 charter that has its own paid fire department, and who suffers death or 31 disability as a result of a blood-borne infectious disease, tuberculosis,

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meningococcal meningitis, or methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus, 1 2 evidence which demonstrates that (a) such firefighter or firefighterparamedic successfully passed a physical examination upon entry into such 3 4 service or subsequent to such entry, which examination failed to reveal any evidence of such blood-borne infectious disease, tuberculosis, 5 meningococcal meningitis, or methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus, 6 7 and (b) such firefighter or firefighter-paramedic has engaged in the service of the fire department within ten years before the onset of the 8 9 disease, shall be prima facie evidence that such death or disability resulted from injuries, accident, or other cause while in the line of 10 duty for the purposes of sections 16-1020 to 16-1042, a firefighter's 11 pension plan established pursuant to a home rule charter, and a 12 firefighter's pension or disability plan established by a rural or 13 suburban fire protection district. 14

(3) The prima facie evidence presumed under this section shall extend to death or disability as a result of cancer as described in this section, a blood-borne infectious disease, tuberculosis, meningococcal meningitis, or methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus after the firefighter or firefighter-paramedic separates from his or her service to the fire department if the death or disability occurs within three months after such separation.

(4) For purposes of this section, blood-borne infectious disease
means human immunodeficiency virus, acquired immunodeficiency syndrome,
and all strains of hepatitis.

Sec. 2. Original section 35-1001, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is repealed.

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