LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 9

Introduced by Krist, 10.

Read first time January 05, 2017

Committee: Urban Affairs

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to radon; to adopt the Radon Resistant New
- 2 Construction Act; and to create a task force.
- 3 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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1 Section 1. Sections 1 to 5 of this act shall be known and may be

- 2 <u>cited as the Radon Resistant New Construction Act.</u>
- 3 Sec. 2. The Legislature finds that:
- 4 (1) Radon is a radioactive element that is part of the radioactive
- 5 <u>decay chain of naturally occurring uranium in soil;</u>
- 6 (2) Radon is the leading cause of lung cancer among nonsmokers and
- 7 is the number one risk in homes according to the Harvard Center for Risk
- 8 Analysis at the Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health;
- 9 (3) The World Health Organization Handbook on Indoor Radon includes
- 10 key messages which state:
- 11 <u>(a) "There is no known threshold concentration below which radon</u>
- 12 <u>exposure presents no risk."; and</u>
- 13 (b) "The majority of radon-induced lung cancers are caused by low
- 14 and moderate radon concentrations rather than by high radon
- 15 <u>concentrations</u>, because in general less people are exposed to high indoor
- 16 radon concentrations.";
- 17 <u>(4) The Surgeon General of the United States urged Americans to test</u>
- 18 their homes to find out how much radon they might be breathing;
- 19 <u>(5) The United States Environmental Protection Agency estimates that</u>
- 20 more than twenty thousand Americans die of radon-related lung cancer each
- 21 <u>year; and</u>
- 22 (6) The United States Environmental Protection Agency has identified
- 23 radon levels in Nebraska as the third highest in the United States
- 24 because of the high concentration of uranium in the soil.
- 25 Sec. 3. For purposes of the Radon Resistant New Construction Act:
- 26 (1) Active radon mitigation system means a family of radon
- 27 <u>mitigation systems involving mechanically driven soil depressurization,</u>
- 28 including subslab depressurization, drain tile depressurization, block
- 29 wall depressurization, and submembrane depressurization. Active radon
- 30 mitigation system is also known as active soil depressurization;
- 31 (2) Building code means an ordinance, resolution, or law that

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- 1 establishes standards applicable to new construction;
- 2 (3) Building contractor means any individual, corporation,
- 3 partnership, limited liability company, or other business entity that
- 4 engages in new construction;
- 5 (4) Department means the Department of Health and Human Services;
- 6 (5) New construction means any original construction of a single-
- 7 family home or a multifamily dwelling, including apartments, group homes,
- 8 <u>condominiums</u>, and townhouses, or any original construction of a building
- 9 used for commercial, industrial, educational, or medical purposes. New
- 10 <u>construction does not include additions to existing structures or</u>
- 11 <u>remodeling of existing structures;</u>
- 12 <u>(6) Passive new construction pipe means a pipe installed in new</u>
- 13 <u>construction that relies solely on the convective flow of air upward for</u>
- 14 <u>soil gas depressurization and may consist of multiple pipes routed</u>
- 15 through conditioned space from below the foundation to above the roof;
- 16 and
- 17 (7) Radon mitigation specialist means an individual who is licensed
- 18 by the department as a radon mitigation specialist in accordance with the
- 19 Radiation Control Act.
- 20 Sec. 4. (1) The Radon Resistant New Construction Task Force is
- 21 <u>created. The task force shall consist of the chief medical officer of the</u>
- 22 Division of Public Health of the Department of Health and Human Services
- 23 as designated in section 81-3115 or his or her designee, who shall serve
- 24 as the chairperson of the task force, and the following additional
- 25 members to be appointed by the Governor:
- 26 <u>(a) Three representatives of home builders' associations in</u>
- 27 <u>Nebraska, each from a different congressional district;</u>
- 28 (b) A representative of a home inspectors' association in Nebraska;
- 29 <u>(c) Two representatives of commercial construction associations, one</u>
- 30 of whom must have experience related to large-scale projects and one of
- 31 whom must have experience related to medium-scale to small-scale

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- 1 projects;
- 2 (d) A representative of a Nebraska realtors' organization;
- 3 (e) A representative of a respiratory disease organization;
- 4 (f) A representative of a cancer research and prevention
- 5 <u>organization;</u>
- 6 (g) A representative of the League of Nebraska Municipalities;
- 7 <u>(h) Three community public health representatives, each from a</u>
- 8 <u>different congressional district;</u>
- 9 (i) A professional engineer as defined in section 81-3422;
- 10 (j) An architect as defined in section 81-3404; and
- 11 <u>(k) A representative with expertise in residential or commercial</u>
- 12 <u>building codes.</u>
- 13 <u>(2) The task force shall meet at the call of the chairperson. The</u>
- 14 appointed members of the task force shall serve without compensation but
- 15 <u>shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses as provided</u>
- in sections 81-1174 to 81-1177. The department shall provide staff and
- 17 support for the operation of the task force.
- 18 (3) The task force shall develop minimum standards for radon
- 19 resistant new construction and shall recommend such minimum standards to
- 20 the Governor, to the Health and Human Services Committee of the
- 21 Legislature, and to the Urban Affairs Committee of the Legislature. In
- 22 developing such minimum standards, the task force shall:
- 23 (a) Design the minimum standards so that they may be enforced by a
- 24 county, city, or village as part of its local building code;
- 25 (b) Consider Appendix F of the International Residential Code for
- 26 One- and Two-Family Dwellings, 2012 edition, published by the
- 27 <u>International Code Council; and</u>
- 28 <u>(c) Consider including the following provisions in such minimum</u>
- 29 <u>standards:</u>
- 30 (i) A requirement that the installation of an active radon
- 31 mitigation system only be performed by a building contractor or his or

- 1 her subcontractors or by a radon mitigation specialist;
- 2 <u>(ii) A requirement that the installation of radon resistant new</u>
- 3 construction only be performed by a building contractor or his or her
- 4 subcontractors or by a radon mitigation specialist; and
- 5 (iii) A requirement that only a building contractor or his or her
- 6 <u>subcontractors or a radon mitigation specialist be allowed to install a</u>
- 7 radon vent fan or upgrade a passive new construction pipe to an active
- 8 <u>radon mitigation system.</u>
- 9 (4) The task force shall provide its recommendations by April 15,
- 10 2018. The task force and this section terminate on May 1, 2018.
- 11 Sec. 5. <u>It is the intent of the Legislature that the</u>
- 12 <u>recommendations provided by the Radon Resistant New Construction Task</u>
- 13 Force under section 4 of this act be used by the Legislature during the
- 14 <u>2019 legislative session to establish, in statute, minimum standards for</u>
- 15 radon resistant new construction.