## LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE

## FIRST SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 599**

Introduced by Groene, 42.

Read first time January 18, 2017

Committee: Revenue

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to revenue and taxation; to amend section
- 2 77-202, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016; to redefine a
- 3 term; to exempt certain improvements on land from personal property
- 4 tax as prescribed; and to repeal the original section.
- 5 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 77-202, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

- 2 2016, is amended to read:
- 3 77-202 (1) The following property shall be exempt from property
- 4 taxes:
- 5 (a) Property of the state and its governmental subdivisions to the
- 6 extent used or being developed for use by the state or governmental
- 7 subdivision for a public purpose. For purposes of this subdivision:
- 8 (i) Property of the state and its governmental subdivisions means
- 9 (A) property held in fee title by the state or a governmental subdivision
- 10 or (B) property beneficially owned by the state or a governmental
- 11 subdivision in that it is used for a public purpose and is being acquired
- 12 under a lease-purchase agreement, financing lease, or other instrument
- 13 which provides for transfer of legal title to the property to the state
- 14 or a governmental subdivision upon payment of all amounts due thereunder.
- 15 If the property to be beneficially owned by a governmental subdivision
- 16 has a total acquisition cost that exceeds the threshold amount or will be
- 17 used as the site of a public building with a total estimated construction
- 18 cost that exceeds the threshold amount, then such property shall qualify
- 19 for an exemption under this section only if the question of acquiring
- 20 such property or constructing such public building has been submitted at
- 21 a primary, general, or special election held within the governmental
- 22 subdivision and has been approved by the voters of the governmental
- 23 subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, threshold amount means the
- 24 greater of fifty thousand dollars or six-tenths of one percent of the
- 25 total actual value of real and personal property of the governmental
- 26 subdivision that will beneficially own the property as of the end of the
- 27 governmental subdivision's prior fiscal year; and
- 28 (ii) Public purpose means use of the property (A) to provide public
- 29 services with or without cost to the recipient, including the general
- 30 operation of government, public education, public safety, transportation,
- 31 public works, civil and criminal justice, public health and welfare,

- 1 developments by a public housing authority, parks, culture, recreation,
- 2 community development, and cemetery purposes, or (B) to carry out the
- 3 duties and responsibilities conferred by law with or without
- 4 consideration. Public purpose does not include leasing of property to a
- 5 private party unless the lease of the property is at fair market value
- 6 for a public purpose. Leases of property by a public housing authority to
- 7 low-income individuals as a place of residence are for the authority's
- 8 public purpose;
- 9 (b) Unleased property of the state or its governmental subdivisions
- 10 which is not being used or developed for use for a public purpose but
- 11 upon which a payment in lieu of taxes is paid for public safety, rescue,
- 12 and emergency services and road or street construction or maintenance
- 13 services to all governmental units providing such services to the
- 14 property. Except as provided in Article VIII, section 11, of the
- 15 Constitution of Nebraska, the payment in lieu of taxes shall be based on
- 16 the proportionate share of the cost of providing public safety, rescue,
- 17 or emergency services and road or street construction or maintenance
- 18 services unless a general policy is adopted by the governing body of the
- 19 governmental subdivision providing such services which provides for a
- 20 different method of determining the amount of the payment in lieu of
- 21 taxes. The governing body may adopt a general policy by ordinance or
- 22 resolution for determining the amount of payment in lieu of taxes by
- 23 majority vote after a hearing on the ordinance or resolution. Such
- 24 ordinance or resolution shall nevertheless result in an equitable
- 25 contribution for the cost of providing such services to the exempt
- 26 property;
- 27 (c) Property owned by and used exclusively for agricultural and
- 28 horticultural societies;
- 29 (d) Property owned by educational, religious, charitable, or
- 30 cemetery organizations, or any organization for the exclusive benefit of
- 31 any such educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery organization,

- 1 and used exclusively for educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery
- 2 purposes, when such property is not (i) owned or used for financial gain
- 3 or profit to either the owner or user, (ii) used for the sale of
- 4 alcoholic liquors for more than twenty hours per week, or (iii) owned or
- 5 used by an organization which discriminates in membership or employment
- 6 based on race, color, or national origin. For purposes of this
- 7 subdivision, educational organization means (A) an institution operated
- 8 exclusively for the purpose of offering regular courses with systematic
- 9 instruction in academic, vocational, or technical subjects or assisting
- 10 students through services relating to the origination, processing, or
- 11 quarantying of federally reinsured student loans for higher education or
- 12 (B) a museum or historical society operated exclusively for the benefit
- 13 and education of the public. For purposes of this subdivision, charitable
- 14 organization includes an organization operated exclusively for the
- 15 purpose of the mental, social, or physical benefit of the public or an
- 16 indefinite number of persons and a fraternal benefit society organized
- and licensed under sections 44-1072 to 44-10,109; and
- 18 (e) Household goods and personal effects not owned or used for
- 19 financial gain or profit to either the owner or user.
- 20 (2) The increased value of land by reason of shade and ornamental
- 21 trees planted along the highway shall not be taken into account in the
- 22 valuation of land.
- 23 (3) Tangible personal property which is not depreciable tangible
- 24 personal property as defined in section 77-119 shall be exempt from
- 25 property tax.
- 26 (4) Motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers required to be
- 27 registered for operation on the highways of this state shall be exempt
- 28 from payment of property taxes.
- 29 (5) Business and agricultural inventory shall be exempt from the
- 30 personal property tax. For purposes of this subsection, business
- 31 inventory includes personal property owned for purposes of leasing or

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1 renting such property to others for financial gain only if the personal 2 property is of a type which in the ordinary course of business is leased or rented thirty days or less and may be returned at the option of the 3 4 lessee or renter at any time and the personal property is of a type which 5 would be considered household goods or personal effects if owned by an individual. Improvements on land of infrastructure, redevelopment, or new 6 7 construction intended for business or housing purposes shall be 8 considered business inventory until occupied, sold, or leased. All other 9 personal property owned for purposes of leasing or renting such property

11 (6) Any personal property exempt pursuant to subsection (2) of 12 section 77-4105 or section 77-5209.02 shall be exempt from the personal 13 property tax.

to others for financial gain shall not be considered business inventory.

- 14 (7) Livestock shall be exempt from the personal property tax.
- 15 (8) Any personal property exempt pursuant to the Nebraska Advantage 16 Act shall be exempt from the personal property tax.
- (9) Any depreciable tangible personal property used directly in the 17 generation of electricity using wind as the fuel source shall be exempt 18 19 from the property tax levied on depreciable tangible personal property. depreciable tangible personal property used directly in the 20 generation of electricity using solar, biomass, or landfill gas as the 21 22 fuel source shall be exempt from the property tax levied on depreciable 23 tangible personal property if such depreciable tangible personal property 24 was installed on or after January 1, 2016, and has a nameplate capacity of one hundred kilowatts or more. Depreciable tangible personal property 25 used directly in the generation of electricity using wind, solar, 26 27 biomass, or landfill gas as the fuel source includes, but is not limited 28 to, wind turbines, rotors and blades, towers, solar panels, trackers, generating equipment, transmission components, substations, supporting 29 structures or racks, inverters, and other system components such as 30 wiring, control systems, switchgears, and generator step-up transformers. 31

- 1 (10) Any tangible personal property that is acquired by a person 2 operating a data center located in this state, that is assembled, 3 engineered, processed, fabricated, manufactured into, attached to, or 4 incorporated into other tangible personal property, both in component form or that of an assembled product, for the purpose of subsequent use 5 at a physical location outside this state by the person operating a data 6 center shall be exempt from the personal property tax. Such exemption 7 8 extends to keeping, retaining, or exercising any right or power over 9 tangible personal property in this state for the purpose of subsequently transporting it outside this state for use thereafter outside this state. 10 For purposes of this subsection, data center means computers, supporting 11 equipment, and other organized assembly of hardware or software that are 12 designed to centralize the storage, management, or dissemination of data 13 14 and information, environmentally controlled structures or facilities or interrelated structures or facilities that provide the infrastructure for 15 16 housing the equipment, such as raised flooring, electricity supply, communication and data lines, Internet access, cooling, security, and 17 fire suppression, and any building housing the foregoing. 18
- the county assessor under section 77-1201, there shall be allowed an exemption amount as provided in the Personal Property Tax Relief Act. For each person who owns property required to be valued by the state as provided in section 77-601, 77-682, 77-801, or 77-1248, there shall be allowed a compensating exemption factor as provided in the Personal Property Tax Relief Act.
- Sec. 2. Original section 77-202, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is repealed.