LEGISLATIVE BILL 415

Approved by the Governor April 29, 2015

Introduced by Pansing Brooks, 28; Schumacher, 22.

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act; to amend sections 42-701, 42-702, 42-703, 42-704, 42-705, 42-707, 42-708, 42-710, 42-711, 42-712, 42-713, 42-713.01, 42-713.02, 42-714, 42-717, 42-718, 42-719, 42-720, 42-721, 42-723, 42-724, 42-726, 42-729, 42-730, 42-731, 42-732, 42-733, 42-734.03, 42-734.04, 42-734.05, 42-735, 42-736, 42-737, 42-738, 42-739, 42-740, 42-741, 42-742, 42-743, 42-744, 42-745, 42-746, 42-747.01, and 42-747.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to define redefine and eliminate terms: to provide for and change define, redefine, and eliminate terms; to provide for and change provisions relating to tribunals, proceedings, enforcement, support orders, payment, pleadings and documents, parentage of children, registration of orders, choice of law, procedures to contest, confirmation, and modification of support orders; to provide for proceedings under the Convention on the International Recovery of Child Support and Other Forms of Family Maintenance as prescribed; to harmonize provisions; to provide for applicability; to provide severability; to repeal the original sections; to outright repeal section 42-748, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; and to declare an emergency.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 42-701, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

42-701 Sections 42-701 to 42-751 <u>and sections 5, 29, and 47 to 61 of this</u> shall be known and may be cited as the Uniform Interstate Family Support_

Sec. 2. Section 42-702, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

- 42-702 In the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act: (1) Child means an individual, whether over or under the age of majority, who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of support by the individual's parent or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order directed to the
- (2) Child support order means a support order for a child, including a child who has attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state or foreign country.
- (3) Convention means the Convention on the International Recovery of Child Support and Other Forms of Family Maintenance, concluded at The Hague on November 23, 2007.
- $(4\ 3)$ Duty of support means an obligation imposed or imposable by law to provide support for a child, spouse, or former spouse, including an unsatisfied obligation to provide support.
- (5) Foreign country means a country, including a political subdivision thereof, other than the United States, that authorizes the issuance of support orders and:
- (A) Which has been declared under the law of the United States to be a foreign reciprocating country;
- (B) Which has established a reciprocal arrangement for child support with this state as provided in section 42-721;
- (C) Which has enacted a law or established procedures for the issuance and enforcement of support orders which are substantially similar to the procedures under the act; or
 - (D) In which the Convention is in force with respect to the United States.
 - (6) Foreign support order means a support order of a foreign tribunal.
- (7) Foreign tribunal means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity of a foreign country which is authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine parentage of a child. The term <u>includes a competent authority under the Convention.</u>
- (8 4) Home state means the state or foreign country in which a child lived with a parent or a person acting as parent for at least six consecutive months immediately preceding the time of filing of a petition or comparable pleading for support and, if a child is less than six months old, the state or foreign country in which the child lived from birth with any of them. A period of temporary absence of any of them is counted as part of the six-month or other period.
- (95) Income includes earnings or other periodic entitlements to money from any source and any other property subject to withholding for support under the law of this state.
- ($\underline{10}$ 6) Income withholding order means an order or other legal process directed to an obligor's employer or other payor, as defined by the Income Withholding for Child Support Act or sections 42-347 to 42-381, to withhold support from the income of the obligor.
- (7) Initiating state means a state from which a proceeding is forwarded or in which a proceeding is filed for forwarding to a responding state under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law or procedure substantially

similar to the act.

- (11 8) Initiating tribunal means the <u>tribunal of a state or foreign country from which a petition or comparable pleading is forwarded or in which a</u> petition or comparable pleading is filed for forwarding to another state or <u>foreign country</u> authorized tribunal in an initiating state.
- (12) Issuing foreign country means the foreign country in which a tribunal issues a support order or a judgment determining parentage of a child.
- $(\underline{13}\ 9)$ Issuing state means the state in which a tribunal issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage of a child.
- $(14\ 10)$ Issuing tribunal means the tribunal of a state or foreign country that issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage of a <u>child</u>.
- Law includes decisional and statutory law and rules (<u>15</u> 11) regulations having the force of law.

 $(\underline{16} \ \underline{12})$ Obligee means:

- $(\underline{A} \ \ \ \ \)$ An individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued or a judgment determining parentage of a child has been issued rendered;
- (B ii) A foreign country, state, or political subdivision of a state to which the rights under a duty of support or support order have been assigned or which has independent claims based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee in place of child support; or

 (C iii) An individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the individual's child; or -
- (D) A person that is a creditor in a proceeding under sections 48 to 60 of this act.
 - $(\underline{17}\ \underline{13})$ Obligor means an individual, or the estate of a decedent that: $(\underline{A}\ \underline{i})$ Owes Who owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;

 $(\underline{B} \stackrel{\text{ii}}{=})$ Is Who is alleged but has not been adjudicated to be a parent of a child; $\frac{C}{O}$ (C iii) Is Who is liable under a support order; or $\frac{C}{O}$

- (D) Is a debtor in a proceeding under sections 48 to 60 of this act.
- (18) Outside this state means a location in another state or a country other than the United States, whether or not the country is a foreign country.
- (19 14) Person means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or a governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, public corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity.

 (20 15) Record means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in
- perceivable form.
- $(\underline{21}\ \underline{16})$ Register means to record or file $\underline{in\ a\ tribunal\ of\ this\ state\ a}$ support order or judgment determining parentage of a child issued in another state or a foreign country in the appropriate location for the recording or filing of foreign judgments generally or foreign support orders specifically.
- $(\underline{22}\ \underline{47})$ Registering tribunal means a tribunal in which a support order \underline{or} <u>judgment determining parentage of a child</u> is registered.
- (23 18) Responding state means a state in which a petition or comparable pleading for support or to determine parentage of a child proceeding is filed or to which a <u>petition or comparable pleading</u> proceeding is forwarded for filing from <u>another state or a foreign country</u> an <u>initiating state under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law or procedure substantially</u> similar to the act.
- (24 19) Responding tribunal means the authorized tribunal in a responding state or foreign country.

 (25 20) Spousal support order means a support order for a spouse or former
- spouse of the obligor.
- $(\underline{26}$ $\underline{21})$ State means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession <u>under subject to</u> the jurisdiction of the United States. The term includes an Indian nation or tribe. ÷

(i) An Indian tribe; and

- (ii) A foreign country or political subdivision that:

 (A) Has been declared to be a foreign reciprocating country or political subdivision under federal law;
- (B) Has established a reciprocal arrangement for child support with this state as provided in section 42-721; or
- (C) Has enacted a law or established procedures for issuance and enforcement of support orders which are substantially similar to the procedures under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.
- (<u>27</u> 22) Support enforcement agency means a public official<u>, governmental</u> entity, or private or agency authorized to—seek:

 (A i) Seek enforcement Enforcement of support orders or laws relating to
- the duty of support;
 - (<u>B</u> ii) <u>Seek establishment</u> <u>Establishment</u> or modification of child support;
 - (<u>C</u> iii) <u>Request determination</u> <u>Determination</u> of parentage <u>of a child;</u>
 - $(\underline{D} \xrightarrow{iv})$ Attempt to locate Location of obligors or their assets; or $(\underline{E} \ v)$ Request determination Determination of the controlling child support
- order.
- $(\underline{28}\ \underline{23})$ Support order means a judgment, decree, or order, decision, or directive, whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, issued in a state or foreign country by a tribunal for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a former spouse, which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages,

retroactive support, or reimbursement for financial assistance provided to an individual obligee in place of child support. The term , and may include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding, automatic adjustment, reasonable attorney's fees, and other relief.

(29 24) Tribunal means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine parentage of a child.

- Sec. 3. Section 42-703, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
 - 42-703 (a) The district court is the tribunal of this state.
- (b) The Department of Health and Human Services is the support enforcement agency of this state.
- Sec. 4. Section 42-704, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-704 (a) Remedies provided by the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act are cumulative and do not affect the availability of remedies under other law or , including the recognition of a foreign support order of a foreign country or political subdivision on the basis of comity.
- (b) The Uniform Interstate Family Support Act does not:(1) Provide the exclusive method of establishing or enforcing a support order under the law of this state; or
- (2) Grant a tribunal of this state jurisdiction to render judgment or issue an order relating to child custody or visitation in a proceeding under the act.
- Sec. 5. (a) A tribunal of this state shall apply sections 42-701 to 42-747.03 and sections 5, 29, and 47 of this act and, as applicable, sections 48 to 60 of this act, to a support proceeding involving:
 - (i) A foreign support order;
 - (ii) A foreign tribunal; or
- (iii) An obligee, obligor, or child residing in a foreign country.(b) A tribunal of this state that is requested to recognize and enforce a support order on the basis of comity may apply the procedural and substantive provisions of sections 42-701 to 42-747.03 and sections 5, 29, and 47 of this
- (c) Sections 48 to 60 of this act apply only to a support proceeding under the Convention. In such a proceeding, if a provision of such sections is inconsistent with sections 42-701 to 42-747.03 and sections 5, 29, and 47 of this act, sections 48 to 60 of this act control.
- Sec. 6. Section 42-705, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-705 (a) In a proceeding to establish or enforce a support order or to determine parentage of a child, a tribunal of this state may exercise personal jurisdiction over a nonresident individual or the individual's guardian or conservator if:
- (1) The individual is personally served with notice within this state;(2) The individual submits to the jurisdiction of this state by consent in a record, by entering a general appearance, or by filing a responsive document having the effect of waiving any contest to personal jurisdiction;

 (3) The individual resided with the child in this state;

 (4) The individual resided in this state and provided prenatal expenses or
- support for the child;
- (5) The child resides in this state as a result of the acts or directives of the individual;
- (6) The individual engaged in sexual intercourse in this state and the child may have been conceived by that act of intercourse;
 (7) The individual asserted parentage of a child in this state pursuant to section 43-104.02, 71-628, 71-640.01, or 71-640.02 with the Department of Health and Human Services; or
- (8) There is any other basis consistent with the constitutions of this state and the United States for the exercise of personal jurisdiction.

 (b) The <u>bases</u> <u>basis</u> of personal jurisdiction set forth in subsection (a) of this section or in any other law of this state shall not be used to acquire personal jurisdiction for a tribunal of this state to modify a child support order of another state unless the requirements of section 42-746 or 42-747.03 are met or, in the case of a foreign support order, unless the requirements of
- <u>section 42-747.03 are met</u>. Sec. 7. Section 42-707, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- 42-707 Under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, a tribunal of this state may serve as an initiating tribunal to forward proceedings to a tribunal of another state and as a responding tribunal for proceedings initiated in another state or a foreign country.
- Sec. 8. Section 42-708, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-708 (a) A tribunal of this state may exercise jurisdiction to establish support order if the petition or comparable pleading is filed after a petition or comparable pleading is filed in another state or a foreign country
- (1) the petition or comparable pleading in this state is filed before the expiration of the time allowed in the other state or the foreign country for filing a responsive pleading challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by the other state or the foreign country;
 - (2) the contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction in

the other state or the foreign country; and

- (3) if relevant, this state is the home state of the child.
- (b) A tribunal of this state may not exercise jurisdiction to establish a support order if the petition or comparable pleading is filed before a petition or comparable pleading is filed in another state or a foreign country if:

 (1) the petition or comparable pleading in the other state or foreign country is filed before the expiration of the time allowed in this state for
- filing a responsive pleading challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by this state;
- (2) the contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction in
- this state; and
 (3) if relevant, the other state <u>or foreign country</u> is the home state of the child.
- Sec. 9. Section 42-710, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-710 (a) A tribunal of this state that has issued a child support order consistent with the law of this state may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to enforce:
- (1) the order if the order is the controlling order and has not been modified by a tribunal of another state that assumed jurisdiction pursuant to
- the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act; or
 (2) a money judgment for arrears of support and interest on the order accrued before a determination that an order of <u>a tribunal of</u> another state is the controlling order.
- (b) A tribunal of this state having continuing jurisdiction over a support order may act as a responding tribunal to enforce the order.
- Sec. 10. Section 42-711, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-711 (a) If a proceeding is brought under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act and only one tribunal has issued a child support order, the order of that tribunal controls and must be recognized.
- (b) If a proceeding is brought under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act and two or more child support orders have been issued by tribunals of this state, or another state, or a foreign country with regard to the same obligor and the same child, a tribunal of this state having personal jurisdiction over both the obligor and individual obligee shall apply the following rules and by order shall determine which order controls and must be recognized:

 (1) If only one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under the act, the order of that tribunal controls and must be so recognized
- recognized.
- (2) If more than one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under the act $\underline{\cdot}$ τ (A) an order issued by a tribunal in the current home state of the child
- controls; $\underline{\text{or}}$ $\underline{\text{but}}$ $\underline{\text{(B)}}$ if an order has not been issued in the current home state of the child, the order most recently issued controls.
- (3) If none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under the act, the tribunal of this state shall issue a child support order, which controls.
- (c) If two or more child support orders have been issued for the same obligor and the same child, upon request of a party who is an individual or that is a support enforcement agency, a tribunal of this state having personal jurisdiction over both the obligor and the individual obligee who is an individual shall determine which order controls under subsection (b) of this section. The request may be filed with a registration for enforcement or registration for modification pursuant to sections 42-736 to 42-747.03 and section 47 of this act or may be filed as a separate proceeding.
- (d) A request to determine which is the controlling order shall be accompanied by a certified copy of every child support order in effect and the applicable record of payments. The requesting party shall give notice of the request to each party whose rights may be affected by the determination.

 (e) The tribunal that issued the controlling order under subsection (a),
- (b), or (c) of this section has continuing jurisdiction to the extent provided in under section 42-709 or 42-710.
- (f) A tribunal of this state that determines by order which is the controlling order under subdivision (b)(1) or (b)(2) or subsection (c) of this section or that issues a new controlling order under subdivision (b)(3) of this section shall state in that order:
 - (1) the basis upon which the tribunal made its determination;
 - (2) the amount of prospective support, if any; and
- (3) the total amount of consolidated arrears and accrued interest, if any, under all of the orders after all payments made are credited as provided by section 42-713.
- (g) Within thirty days after issuance of an order determining which is the controlling order, the party obtaining the order shall file a certified copy of it in each tribunal that issued or registered an earlier order of child support. A party or support enforcement agency obtaining the order that fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. The failure to file does not affect
- the validity or enforceability of the controlling order.

 (h) An order that has been determined to be the controlling order, or a judgment for consolidated arrears of support and interest, if any, made pursuant to this section shall be recognized in proceedings under the Uniform

Interstate Family Support Act.

Sec. 11. Section 42-712, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

42-712 In responding to registrations or petitions for enforcement of two or more child support orders in effect at the same time with regard to the same obligor and different individual obligees, at least one of which was issued by a tribunal of another state or a foreign country, a tribunal of this state shall enforce those orders in the same manner as if the orders had been issued by a tribunal of this state.

Sec. 12. Section 42-713, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

42-713 A tribunal of this state shall credit amounts collected for a particular period pursuant to any child support order against the amounts owed for the same period under any other child support order for support of the same child issued by a tribunal of this <u>state</u>, or a foreign country.

13. Section 42-713.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

42-713.01 A tribunal of this state exercising personal jurisdiction over a nonresident in a proceeding under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or under other law of this state relating to a support order or recognizing a foreign support order of a foreign country or political subdivision on the basis of comity may receive evidence from outside this another state pursuant to section 42-729, communicate with a tribunal outside this of another state pursuant to section 42-730, and obtain discovery through a tribunal <u>outside</u> this of another state pursuant to section 42-731. In all other respects, sections 42-714 to $\underline{42-747.03}$ and sections 29 and 47 of this act $\underline{42-748}$ do not apply and the tribunal shall apply the procedural and substantive law of this state.

Sec. 14. Section 42-713.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

42-713.02 (a) A tribunal of this state issuing a spousal support order consistent with the law of this state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify the spousal support order throughout the existence of the support obligation.

(b) A tribunal of this state shall not modify a spousal support order issued by a tribunal of another state or a foreign country having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over that order under the law of that state or foreign country.

(c) A tribunal of this state that has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal support order may serve as:

(1) an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to enforce the spousal support order issued in this state; or
(2) a responding tribunal to enforce or modify its own spousal support

order.

Sec. 15. Section 42-714, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

42-714 (a) Except as otherwise provided in the Uniform Interstate Family

Support Act, sections 42-714 to 42-732 apply to all proceedings under the act. (b) An individual petitioner or a support enforcement agency may initiate a proceeding authorized under the act by filing a petition in an initiating tribunal for forwarding to a responding tribunal or by filing a petition or a comparable pleading directly in a tribunal of another state or a foreign country which has or can obtain personal jurisdiction over the respondent.

Sec. 16. Section 42-717, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

42-717 (a) Upon the filing of a petition authorized by the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, an initiating tribunal of this state shall forward the petition and its accompanying documents:

(1) to the responding tribunal or appropriate support enforcement agency in the responding state; or

(2) if the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state information agency of the responding state with a request that they be forwarded to the appropriate tribunal and that receipt be acknowledged.

(b) If requested by the responding tribunal, a tribunal of this state shall issue a certificate or other document and make findings required by the law of the responding state. If the responding tribunal is in state is a foreign country—or political subdivision, upon request the tribunal of this state shall specify the amount of support sought, convert that amount into the equivalent amount in the foreign currency under applicable official or market exchange rate as publicly reported, and provide any other documents necessary to satisfy the requirements of the responding <u>foreign tribunal</u> <u>state</u>.

Sec. 17. Section 42-718, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

42-718 (a) When a responding tribunal of this state receives a petition or comparable pleading from an initiating tribunal or directly pursuant to subsection (b) of section 42-714, it shall cause the petition or pleading to be filed and notify the petitioner where and when it was filed.

(b) A responding tribunal of this state, to the extent not prohibited by

other law, may do one or more of the following:

(1) <u>establish</u> <u>issue</u> or enforce a support order, modify a child support order, determine the controlling child support order, or determine parentage <u>of a child</u>;

- (2) order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the amount and the manner of compliance;
 - (3) order income withholding;
- (4) determine the amount of any arrearages, and specify a method of payment;
 - (5) enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;
 - (6) set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;
- (7) place liens and order execution on the obligor's property;
 (8) order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor's current residential address, electronic mail address, telephone number, address of employment, employer, and telephone number at the place of employment;
- (9) issue a capias for an obligor who has failed after proper notice to appear at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the capias in any local and state computer systems for criminal warrants;
- order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified (10)methods;
 - (11) award reasonable attorney's fees and other fees and costs;
- (12) issue an order releasing or subordinating a lien pursuant to section 42-371; and
 - (13) grant any other available remedy.
- (c) A responding tribunal of this state shall include in a support order issued under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or in the documents accompanying the order, the calculations on which the support order is based.
- (d) A responding tribunal of this state shall not condition the payment of a support order issued under the act upon compliance by a party with provisions for visitation.
- (e) If a responding tribunal of this state issues an order under the act, tribunal shall send a copy of the order to the petitioner and the respondent and to the initiating tribunal, if any.

 (f) If requested to enforce a support order, arrearages, or judgment or
- modify a support order stated in a foreign currency, a responding tribunal of this state shall convert the amount stated in the foreign currency to the equivalent amount in dollars under the applicable official or market exchange rate as publicly reported.
- Sec. 18. Section 42-719, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- Ιf a petition or comparable pleading 42-719 is received by inappropriate tribunal of this state, the tribunal shall forward the pleading and accompanying documents to an appropriate tribunal of in this state or
- another state and notify the petitioner where and when the pleading was sent. Sec. 19. Section 42-720, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- 42-720 (a) $\underline{\text{In}}$ A support enforcement agency of this state, upon request, shall provide services to a petitioner in a proceeding under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, a support enforcement agency of this state, upon <u>request:</u> -
 - (1) shall provide services to a petitioner residing in a state;
- <u>(2) shall provide services to a petitioner requesting services through a</u> central authority of a foreign country as described in subdivision (5)(A) or (D) of section 42-702; and
- (3) may provide services to a petitioner who is an individual not residing <u>state.</u>
- (b) A support enforcement agency of this state that is providing services
- state, or another state, or a foreign country to obtain jurisdiction over the respondent;
- (2) request an appropriate tribunal to set a date, time, and place for a hearing;
- (3) make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information, including
- information as to income and property of the parties;

 (4) within five days, exclusive of nonjudicial days, after receipt of a written notice in a record from an initiating, responding, or registering
- tribunal, send a copy of the notice to the petitioner;
 (5) within five days, exclusive of nonjudicial days, after receipt of a written communication in a record from the respondent or the respondent's attorney, send a copy of the communication to the petitioner; and
- (6) notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respondent cannot be obtained.
- (c) A support enforcement agency of this state that requests registration of a child support order in this state for enforcement or for modification shall make reasonable efforts:
 - (1) to ensure that the order to be registered is the controlling order; or (2) if two or more child support orders exist and the identity of the
- controlling order has not been determined, to ensure that a request for such a determination is made in a tribunal having jurisdiction to do so.

 (d) A support enforcement agency of this state that requests registration
- and enforcement of a support order, arrearages, or judgment stated in a foreign currency shall convert the amounts stated in the foreign currency into the equivalent amounts in dollars under the applicable official or market exchange rate as publicly reported.
 - (e) A support enforcement agency of this state shall request a tribunal of

this state to issue a child support order and an income withholding order that redirect payment of current support, arrearages, and interest if requested to do so by a support enforcement agency of another state pursuant to section 42-732.

- (f) The act does not create or negate a relationship of attorney and client or other fiduciary relationship between a support enforcement agency or the attorney for the agency and the individual being assisted by the agency.
- Sec. 20. Section 42-721, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-721 (a) If the Attorney General determines that the support enforcement agency is neglecting or refusing to provide services to an individual, the Attorney General may order the agency to perform its duties under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or may provide those services directly to the individual.
- (b) The Attorney General may determine that a foreign country or political subdivision has established a reciprocal arrangement for child support with this state and take appropriate action for notification of the determination.
- Sec. 21. Section 42-723, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-723 (a) The Department of Health and Human Services is the state information agency under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.
 - (b) The state information agency shall:
- (1) compile and maintain a current list, including addresses, of the tribunals in this state which have jurisdiction under the act and any support enforcement agencies in this state and transmit a copy to the state information agency of every other state;
- (2) maintain a register of names and addresses of tribunals and support enforcement agencies received from other states;
- (3) forward to the appropriate tribunal in the county in this state in which the $\frac{individual}{individual}$ obligee $\frac{individual}{individual}$ or the obligor resides, or in which the obligor's property is believed to be located, all documents concerning a proceeding under the act received from another state or a foreign country an initiating tribunal or the state information agency of initiating state; and
- (4) obtain information concerning the location of the obligor and the obligor's property within this state not exempt from execution, by such means as postal verification and federal or state locator services, examination of telephone directories, requests for the obligor's address from employers, and examination of governmental records, including, to the extent not prohibited by other law, those relating to real property, vital statistics, law enforcement, taxation, motor vehicles, driver's licenses, and social security.

 Sec. 22. Section 42-724, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- 42-724 (a) In a proceeding under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, a petitioner seeking to establish a support order, to determine parentage of a child, or to register and modify a support order of a tribunal of another state <u>or a foreign country</u> shall file a petition. Unless otherwise ordered under section 42-725, the petition or accompanying documents must provide, so under section 42-725, the petition or accompanying documents must provide, so far as known, the name, residential address, and social security numbers of the obligor and the obligee or the parent and alleged parent, and the name, sex, residential address, social security number, and date of birth of each child for whose benefit support is sought or whose parentage is to be determined. Unless filed at the time of registration, the petition shall be accompanied by a copy of any support order known to have been issued by another tribunal. The accompanying documents may include any other information that may assist in locating or identifying the respondent.

 (b) The petition shall specify the relief sought. The petition and
- (b) The petition shall specify the relief sought. The petition and appanying documents shall conform substantially with the requirements accompanying imposed by the forms mandated by federal law for use in cases filed by a support enforcement agency.
- Sec. 23. Section 42-726, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-726 (a) The petitioner shall not be required to pay a filing fee or other costs.
- (b) If an obligee prevails, a responding tribunal of this state may assess against an obligor filing fees, reasonable attorney's fees, other costs, and necessary travel and other reasonable expenses incurred by the obligee and the obligee's witnesses. The tribunal shall not assess fees, costs, or expenses against the obligee or the support enforcement agency of either the initiating or the responding state or foreign country, except as provided by other law. Attorney's fees may be taxed as costs, and may be ordered paid directly to the attorney, who may enforce the order in the attorney's own name. Payment of support owed to the obligee has priority over fees, costs, and expenses.

 (c) The tribunal shall order the payment of costs and reasonable attorney's fees if it determines that a hearing was requested primarily for delay. In a proceeding under sections 42-736 to 42-747.03 and section 47 of
- this act, a hearing is presumed to have been requested primarily for delay if a registered support order is confirmed or enforced without change.
- Sec. 24. Section 42-729, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-729 (a) The physical presence of a nonresident party who is an individual in a tribunal of this state is not required for the establishment, enforcement, or modification of a support order or the rendition of a judgment

determining parentage of a child.

- (b) An affidavit, a document substantially complying with federally mandated forms, or a document incorporated by reference in any of them, which would not be excluded under the hearsay rule if given in person, is admissible in evidence if given under penalty of perjury by a party or witness residing outside this in another state.
- (c) A copy of the record of child support payments certified as a true copy of the original by the custodian of the record may be forwarded to a responding tribunal. The copy is evidence of facts asserted in it, and is admissible to show whether payments were made.
- (d) Copies of bills for testing for parentage <u>of a child</u>, and for prenatal and postnatal health care of the mother and child, furnished to the adverse party at least ten days before trial, are admissible in evidence to prove the amount of the charges billed and that the charges were reasonable, necessary, and customary.
- (e) Documentary evidence transmitted from outside this another state to a tribunal of this state by telephone, telecopier, or other <u>electronic</u> means that do not provide an original record shall not be excluded from evidence on an
- objection based on the means of transmission.

 (f) In a proceeding under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, tribunal of this state shall permit a party or witness residing <u>outside this</u> in another state to be deposed or to testify under penalty of perjury by telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic means at a designated tribunal or other location in that state. A tribunal of this state shall cooperate with other tribunals of other states in designating an appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.
- (g) If a party called to testify at a civil hearing refuses to answer on the ground that the testimony may be self-incriminating, the trier of fact may draw an adverse inference from the refusal.
- (h) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses does not apply in a proceeding under the act.
- (i) The defense of immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife
- or parent and child does not apply in a proceeding under the act.

 (j) A voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, certified as a true copy, is admissible to establish parentage of the child.
- Sec. 25. Section 42-730, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-730 A tribunal of this state may communicate with a tribunal <u>outside</u> this of another state in , a foreign country, or a political subdivision by a record or by telephone, electronic mail, or other means to obtain information concerning the laws, the legal effect of a judgment, decree, or order of that tribunal, and the status of a proceeding in the other state, foreign country, or political subdivision. A tribunal of this state may furnish similar information by similar means to a tribunal <u>outside this state</u> of another state, a foreign country, or a political subdivision.
- Sec. 26. Section 42-731, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
 - 42-731 A tribunal of this state may:
- (1) request a tribunal $\underline{\text{outside}}$ $\underline{\text{this}}$ $\underline{\text{of}}$ another state to assist in obtaining discovery; and
- (2) upon request, compel a person over which whom it has jurisdiction to respond to a discovery order issued by a tribunal outside this of another state.
- Sec. 27. Section 42-732, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-732 (a) A support enforcement agency or tribunal of this state shall disburse promptly any amounts received pursuant to a support order, as directed by the order. The agency or tribunal shall furnish to a requesting party or tribunal of another state or a foreign country a certified statement by the custodian of the record of the amounts and dates of all payments received.

 (b) If neither the obligor, nor the individual obligee who is an individual, nor the child resides in this state, upon request from the support enforcement agency of this state or another state, the support enforcement agency of this state or a tribunal of this state shall:
- (1) direct that the support payment be made to the support enforcement
- agency in the state in which the obligee is receiving services; and
 (2) issue and send to the obligor's employer a conforming income withholding order or an administrative notice of change of payee, reflecting the redirected payments.
- (c) The support enforcement agency of this state receiving redirected payments from another state pursuant to a law similar to subsection (b) of this section shall furnish to a requesting party or tribunal of the other state a certified statement by the custodian of the record of the amount and dates of all payments received.
- Sec. 28. Section 42-733, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- 42-733 (a) If a support order entitled to recognition under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act has not been issued, a responding tribunal of this state with personal jurisdiction over the parties may issue a support order if:
- (1) the individual seeking the order resides $\underline{\text{outside this}}$ $\underline{\text{in another}}$ state; or
 - (2) the support enforcement agency seeking the order is located outside

<u>this</u> in another state.

- (b) The tribunal may issue a temporary child support order if the tribunal determines that such an order is appropriate and the individual ordered to pay is:
 - (1) a presumed father of the child;
 - (2) petitioning to have his paternity adjudicated;
 - (3) identified as the father of the child through genetic testing;
 - (4) an alleged father who has declined to submit to genetic testing;
 - (5) shown by clear and convincing evidence to be the father of the child;
- (6) the father of a child whose paternity is established either judicial proceeding or acknowledgment under sections 43-1401 to 43-1418; (7) the mother of the child; or
- (8) an individual who has been ordered to pay child support in a previous proceeding and the order has not been reversed or vacated.
- (c) Upon finding, after notice and opportunity to be heard, that an obligor owes a duty of support, the tribunal shall issue a support order directed to the obligor and may issue other orders pursuant to section 42-718.
- Sec. 29. A tribunal of this state authorized to determine parentage of a child may serve as a responding tribunal in a proceeding to determine parentage of a child brought under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law or procedure substantially similar to the act.
 Sec. 30. Section 42-734.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
- amended to read:
- 42-734.03 An employer that who complies with an income withholding order issued in another state in accordance with sections 42-734 to 42-735 is not subject to civil liability to any individual or agency with regard to the employer's withholding of child support from the obligor's income.
- Sec. 31. Section 42-734.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
- 42-734.04 An employer $\underline{\text{that}}$ who willfully fails to comply with an income withholding order issued $\underline{\text{in}}$ by another state and received for enforcement is subject to the same penalties that may be imposed for noncompliance with an order issued by a tribunal of this state. Sec. 32. Section 42-734.05, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
- amended to read:
- 42-734.05 (a) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income withholding order issued in another state and received directly by an employer in this state by registering the order in a tribunal of this state and filing a contest to that order as provided in sections 42-736 to 42-747.03 <u>and</u> section 47 of this act or otherwise contesting the order in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of this state.
 (b) The obligor shall give notice of the contest to:

 - (1) a support enforcement agency providing services to the obligee;
- (2) each employer that has directly received an income withholding order relating to the obligor; and
- (3) the person designated to receive payments in the income withholding order or, if no person is designated, to the obligee. Sec. 33. Section 42-735, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- to read:
- 42-735 (a) A party or support enforcement agency seeking to enforce a support order or an income withholding order, or both, issued $\underline{\mathsf{in}}$ by a tribunal of another state <u>or a foreign support order</u> may send the documents required for registering the order to a support enforcement agency of this state.
- (b) Upon receipt of the documents, the support enforcement agency, without initially seeking to register the order, shall consider and, if appropriate, use any administrative procedure authorized by the law of this state to enforce a support order or an income withholding order, or both. If the obligor does not contest administrative enforcement, the order need not be registered. If the obligor contests the validity or administrative enforcement of the order, the support enforcement agency shall register the order pursuant to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.
- Sec. 34. Section 42-736, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-736 A support order or an income withholding order issued in by a tribunal of another state or a foreign support order may be registered in this state for enforcement.
- Sec. 35. Section 42-737, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- 42-737 (a) Except as provided in section 53 of this act, a A support order or an income withholding order of another state or a foreign support order may be registered in this state by sending the following records documents and information to the appropriate tribunal in this state:
- (1) a letter of transmittal to the tribunal requesting registration and enforcement;
- copies, including one certified copy, (2) two of the order to be
- registered, including any modification of the order;
 (3) a sworn statement by the person requesting registration or a certified statement by the custodian of the records showing the amount of any arrearage;
- any other source of income of the obligor; and
 - $(\underline{C}$ iii) a description and the location of property of the obligor in this

state not exempt from execution; and

- (5) except as otherwise provided in section 42-725, the name and address of the obligee and, if applicable, the person to whom support payments are to be remitted.
- (b) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal shall cause the order to be filed as <u>an order of a tribunal of another state or</u> <u>a foreign support order</u> a foreign judgment, together with one copy of documents and information, regardless of their form.
- (c) A petition or comparable pleading seeking a remedy that must be affirmatively sought under other law of this state may be filed at the same time as the request for registration or later. The pleading shall specify the grounds for the remedy sought.
- (d) If two or more orders are in effect, the person requesting registration shall:
- (1) furnish to the tribunal a certified copy of every support order asserted to be in effect in addition to the documents specified in this section;
 - (2) specify the order alleged to be the controlling order, if any; and
 - (3) specify the amount of consolidated arrears, if any.
- (e) A request for a determination of which is the controlling order may be filed separately or with a request for registration and enforcement or for registration and modification. The person requesting registration shall give notice of the request to each party whose rights may be affected by the determination.
- Sec. 36. Section 42-738, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-738 (a) A support order or income withholding order issued in another state or a foreign support order is registered when the order is filed in the registering tribunal of this state.
- (b) A registered <u>support</u> order issued in another state <u>or a foreign</u> <u>country</u> is enforceable in the same manner and is subject to the same procedures as an order issued by a tribunal of this state.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act sections 42-736 to 42-747.03, a tribunal of this state shall recognize and but shall not modify, a registered <u>support</u>order if the issuing tribunal had jurisdiction.

 Sec. 37. Section 42-739, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- to read:
- 42-739 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this section, the law of the issuing state or foreign country governs:
- (1) the nature, extent, amount, and duration of current payments under a registered support order;
- (2) the computation and payment of arrearages and accrual of interest on
- the arrearages under the support order; and
 (3) the existence and satisfaction of other obligations under the support
- (b) In a proceeding for arrearages under a registered support order, the statute of limitation of this state or of the issuing state or foreign country, whichever is longer, applies.
- (c) A responding tribunal of this state shall apply the procedures and remedies of this state to enforce current support and collect arrearages and interest due on a support order of another state or a foreign country registered in this state.
- (d) After a tribunal of this or another state determines which is the controlling order and issues an order consolidating arrearages, if any, a tribunal of this state shall prospectively apply the law of the state or foreign country issuing the controlling order, including its law on interest on arrearages, on current and future support, and on consolidated arrearages.

 Sec. 38. Section 42-740, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- to read:
- 42-740 (a) When a support order or income withholding order issued in another state or a foreign support order is registered, the registering tribunal of this state shall notify the nonregistering party. The notice shall be accompanied by a copy of the registered order and the documents and relevant information accompanying the order.
 - (b) A notice shall inform the nonregistering party:
- (1) that a registered order is enforceable as of the date of registration
- in the same manner as an order issued by a tribunal of this state;

 (2) that a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order shall be requested within twenty days after notice unless the registered order is under section 54 of this act;
- (3) that failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order in a timely manner will result in confirmation of the order and enforcement of the order and the alleged arrearages—and precludes further contest of that order with respect to any matter that could have been asserted;
- (4) of the amount of any alleged arrearages.(c) If the registering party asserts that two or more orders are in effect, a notice shall also:
- (1) identify the two or more orders and the order alleged by the registering <u>party</u> person to be the controlling order and the consolidated arrearages, if any;
 - (2) notify the nonregistering party of the right to a determination of

which is the controlling order;

- (3) state that the procedures provided in subsection (b) of this section apply to the determination of which is the controlling order; and
- (4) state that failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the order alleged to be the controlling order in a timely manner may result in confirmation that the order is the controlling order.
- (d) Upon registration of an income withholding order for enforcement, the <u>support enforcement agency or the registering tribunal shall notify the obligor's employer pursuant to the Income Withholding for Child Support Act or the Income Withholding</u> sections 42-347 to 42-381.
- Sec. 39. Section 42-741, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-741 (a) A nonregistering party seeking to contest the validity or enforcement of a registered <u>support</u> order in this state shall request a hearing within the time required by section 42-740 twenty days after notice of the registration. The nonregistering party may seek to vacate the registration, to assert any defense to an allegation of noncompliance with the registered order, or to contest the remedies being sought or the amount of any alleged arrearages pursuant to section 42-742.
- (b) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered <u>support</u> order in a timely manner, the order is If the nonregistering party fails to
- confirmed by operation of law.

 (c) If a nonregistering party requests a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered <u>support</u> order, the registering tribunal shall schedule the matter for hearing and give notice to the parties of the date,

time, and place of the hearing.
Sec. 40. Section 42-742, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

- 42-742 (a) A party contesting the validity or enforcement of a registered <u>support</u> order or seeking to vacate the registration has the burden of proving one or more of the following defenses:
- (1) the issuing tribunal lacked personal jurisdiction over the contesting party;
 - (2) the order was obtained by fraud;
 - (3) the order has been vacated, suspended, or modified by a later order;

 - (4) the issuing tribunal has stayed the order pending appeal;(5) there is a defense under the law of this state to the remedy sought;
- (6) full or partial payment has been made;(7) the statute of limitation under section 42-739 precludes enforcement of some or all of the alleged arrearages; or
- (8) the alleged controlling order is not the controlling order.

 (b) If a party presents evidence establishing a full or partial defense under subsection (a) of this section, a tribunal may shall stay enforcement of a registered support the registered order, continue the proceeding to permit production of additional relevant evidence, and issue other appropriate orders. An uncontested portion of the registered <u>support</u> order may be enforced by all
- remedies available under the law of this state.

 (c) If the contesting party does not establish a defense under such subsection to the validity or enforcement of <u>a registered support</u> the order, the registering the order.
- Sec. 41. Section 42-743, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-743 Confirmation of a registered support order, whether by operation of law or after notice and hearing, precludes further contest of the order with respect to any matter that could have been asserted at registration.
- Sec. 42. Section 42-744, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-744 A party or support enforcement agency seeking to modify, or to modify and enforce, a child support order issued in another state shall register that order in this state in the same manner provided in sections 42-736 to 42-743 42-739 if the order has not been registered. A petition for modification may be filed at the same time as a request for registration, or later. The pleading must specify the grounds for modification.
- Sec. 43. Section 42-745, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-745 A tribunal of this state may enforce a child support order of another state registered for purposes of modification, in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of this state, but the registered support order may shall be modified only if the requirements of section 42-746 or - 42-747.01, or 42-747.03 have been met.
- Sec. 44. Section 42-746, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 42-746 (a) If section 42-747.01 does not apply, except as otherwise provided in section 42-747.03, upon petition a tribunal of this state may except as otherwise modify a child support order issued in another state which is registered in this state, if, after notice and hearing, the tribunal finds that:
 - (1) the following requirements are met:
- $(\underline{A}$ $\dot{f \pm})$ neither the child, nor the $\dot{f \pm}$ nd $\dot{f H}$ vidua $f \pm$ 0 obligee who is an individuaf L, nor the obligor resides in the issuing state; (B $\pm i$) a petitioner who is a nonresident of this state seeks modification;
- and
 - $(\underline{C}$ iii) the respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the

tribunal of this state; or

- (2) this state is the state of residence of the child, or a party who is an individual is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state, and all of the parties who are individuals have filed consents in a record in the issuing tribunal for a tribunal of this state to modify the support order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

 (b) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the
- same requirements, procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an order issued by a tribunal of this state and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the same manner.
- (c) A Except as otherwise provided in section 42-747.03, a tribunal of this state shall not modify any aspect of a child support order that cannot be modified under the law of the issuing state, including the duration of the obligation of support. If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and the same child, the order that controls and must be so recognized under section 42-711 establishes the aspects of the support order which are normedifiable. support order which are nonmodifiable.
- (d) In a proceeding to modify a child support order, the law of the state that is determined to have issued the initial controlling order governs the duration of the obligation of support. The obligor's fulfillment of the duty of support established by that order precludes imposition of a further obligation of support by a tribunal of this state.

 (e) On the-issuance of an order by a tribunal of this state modifying a child support order issued in another state, the tribunal of this state becomes the tribunal having continuing exclusive jurisdiction.
- the tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
- (f) Notwithstanding subsections (a) through (e) of this section and subsection (b) of section 42-705, a tribunal of this state retains jurisdiction to modify an order issued by a tribunal of this state if:
 - (1) one party resides in another state; and
- (2) the other party resides outside the United States. Sec. 45. Section 42-747.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
- 42-747.01 (a) If all of the parties who are individuals reside in this state and the child does not reside in the issuing state, a tribunal of this state has jurisdiction to enforce and to modify the issuing state's child support order in a proceeding to register that order.
- (b) A tribunal of this state exercising jurisdiction under this section shall apply the provisions of sections 42-701 to 42-713.02 <u>and section 5 of this act</u> and <u>sections</u> 42-736 to 42-747.03 <u>and section 47 of this act</u> and the procedural and substantive law of this state to the enforcement or modification proceeding. Sections 42-714 to 42-735 <u>and section 29 of this act, sections 48</u> to 60 of this act, and sections 42-749 and 42-748 to 42-750 do not apply.

 Sec. 46. Section 42-747.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- amended to read:
- 42-747.03 (a) Except as otherwise provided in section 58 of this act, If a foreign country <u>lacks or refuses to exercise jurisdiction to modify its</u> child support order or political subdivision that is a state will not or cannot modify its order pursuant to its laws, a tribunal of this state may assume jurisdiction to modify the child support order and bind all individuals subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal whether or not the consent to modification of a child support order otherwise required of the individual pursuant to section 42-746 has been given or whether the individual seeking modification is a resident of this state or of the foreign country—or political
- (b) An order issued by a tribunal of this state modifying a foreign child support order pursuant to this section is the controlling order.
- A party or support enforcement agency seeking to modify, or to modify and enforce, a foreign child-support order not under the Convention may register that order in this state under sections 42-736 to 42-743 if the order has not been registered. A petition for modification may be filed at the same <u>time</u> as a request for registration, or at another time. The petition must specify the grounds for modification.
- Sec. 48. <u>For purposes of sections 48 to 60 of this act:</u>
 (1) Application means a request under the Convention by an obligee or obligor, or on behalf of a child, made through a central authority for assistance from another central authority.

 (2) Central authority means the entity designated by the United States or
- a foreign country described in subdivision (5)(D) of section 42-702 to perform the functions specified in the Convention.
- (3) Convention support order means a support order of a tribunal foreign country described in subdivision (5)(D) of section 42-702.
- (4) Direct request means a petition filed by an individual in a tribunal of this state in a proceeding involving an obligee, an obligor, or a child residing outside the United States.
- (5) Foreign central authority means the entity designated by a foreign country described in subdivision (5)(D) of section 42-702 to perform the functions specified in the Convention.
 - (6) Foreign support agreement:
 - (A) means an agreement for support in a record that:
 - (i) is enforceable as a support order in the country of origin;
 - <u>(ii) has been:</u>
- (I) formally drawn up or registered as an authentic instrument by a foreign tribunal; or

(II) authenticated by, or concluded, registered, or filed with a foreign

(iii) may be reviewed and modified by a foreign tribunal; and

- (B) includes a maintenance arrangement or authentic instrument under the Convention.
- (7) United States central authority means the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- Sec. 49. Sections 48 to 60 of this act apply only to a support proceeding under the Convention. In such a proceeding, if a provision of such sections is inconsistent with sections 42-701 to 42-747.03 and sections 29 and 47 of this act, sections 48 to 60 of this act control.
- Sec. 50. <u>The Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services is recognized as the agency designated by the United States central authority to a contract the second services. The second seco</u>
- perform specific functions under the Convention.

 Sec. 51. (a) In a support proceeding under sections 48 to 60 of this act, the Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services shall:

(1) transmit and receive applications; and

- (2) initiate or facilitate the institution of a proceeding regarding an application in a tribunal of this state.

 (b) The following support proceedings are available to an obligee under
- the Convention:
 - (1) recognition or recognition and enforcement of a foreign support order; (2) enforcement of a support order issued or recognized in this state;
- (3) establishment of a support order if there is no existing order,
- including, if necessary, determination of parentage of a child;
 (4) establishment of a support order if recognition of a foreign support is refused under subdivision (b)(2), (4), or (9) of section 55 of this order <u>act;</u>
 - (5) modification of a support order of a tribunal of this state; and
- (6) modification of a support order of a tribunal of another state or a foreign country.
- (c) The following support proceedings are available under the Convention
- to an obligor against which there is an existing support order:
 (1) recognition of an order suspending or limiting enforcement of an existing support order of a tribunal of this state;
- (2) modification of a support order of a tribunal of this state; and (3) modification of a support order of a tribunal of another state <u>foreign country.</u>
- (d) A tribunal of this state may not require security, bond, or deposit, ver described, to guarantee the payment of costs and expenses in however described, proceedings under the Convention.
- Sec. 52. (a) A petitioner may file a direct request seeking establishment or modification of a support order or determination of parentage of a child.
- the proceeding, the law of this state applies.
 (b) A petitioner may file a direct request seeking recognition enforcement of a support order or support agreement. In the proceeding,
- sections 53 to 60 of this act apply.

 (c) In a direct request for recognition and enforcement of a Convention <u>support order or foreign support agreement:</u>
- (1) a security, bond, or deposit is not required to guarantee the payment costs and expenses; and
- (2) an obligee or obligor that in the issuing country has benefited from legal assistance is entitled to benefit, at least to the same extent, from any free legal assistance provided for by the law of this state under the same circumstances.
- (d) A petitioner filing a direct request is not entitled to assistance from the Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services.
- (e) Sections 48 to 60 of this act do not prevent the application of laws this state that provide simplified, more expeditious rules regarding a direct request for recognition and enforcement of a foreign support order or <u>foreign support agreement.</u>
- Sec. 53. (a) Except as otherwise provided in sections 48 to 60 of this act, a party who is an individual or a support enforcement agency seeking recognition of a Convention support order shall register the order in this state as provided in sections 42-736 to 42-747.03 and section 47 of this act.
- (b) Notwithstanding section 42-724 and subsection (a) of section 42-737, request for registration of a Convention support order must be accompanied by:
- (1) a complete text of the support order or an abstract or extract of the support order drawn up by the issuing foreign tribunal, which may be form recommended by the Hague Conference on Private International Law;
- (2) a record stating that the support order is enforceable in the issuing country;
- (3) if the respondent did not appear and was not represented in proceedings in the issuing country, a record attesting, as appropriate, either that the respondent had proper notice of the proceedings and an opportunity to be heard or that the respondent had proper notice of the support order and an law before a opportunity to be heard in a challenge or appeal on fact or <u>tribunal;</u>
- (4) a record showing the amount of arrears, if any, and the date the amount was calculated;
- (5) a record showing a requirement for automatic adjustment of the amount support, if any, and the information necessary to make the appropriate calculations; and

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a record showing the extent to which the applicant <u>if</u> necessary,

received free legal assistance in the issuing country.

(c) A request for registration of a Convention support order may seek recognition and partial enforcement of the order.

(d) A tribunal of this state may vacate the registration of a Convention support order without the filing of a contest under section 54 of this act only if, acting on its own motion, the tribunal finds that recognition and enforcement of the order would be manifestly incompatible with public policy.

(e) The tribunal shall promptly notify the parties of the registration or

the order vacating the registration of a Convention support order.

- Sec. 54. (a) Except as otherwise provided in sections 48 to 60 of this 42-740 to 42-743 apply to a contest of a registered Convention sections support order.
- (b) A party contesting a registered Convention support order shall contest not later than thirty days after notice of the registration, but if the contesting party does not reside in the United States, the contest must be filed not later than sixty days after notice of the registration.

(c) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the registered Convention support order by the time specified in subsection (b) of this section,

order is enforceable.

- (d) A contest of a registered Convention support order may be based only on grounds set forth in section 55 of this act. The contesting party bears the burden of proof.
- (e) In a contest of a registered Convention support order, a tribunal of this state:
- (1) is bound by the findings of fact on which the foreign tribunal based jurisdiction; and
 - (2) may not review the merits of the order.
- (f) A tribunal of this state deciding a contest of a registered Convention support order shall promptly notify the parties of its decision.

 (g) A challenge or appeal, if any, does not stay the enforcement
- Convention support order unless there are exceptional circumstances.

 Sec. 55. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, a tribunal of this state shall recognize and enforce a registered Convention support order.
- (b) The following grounds are the only grounds on which a tribunal of this state may refuse recognition and enforcement of a registered Convention support order:
- (1) recognition and enforcement of the order is manifestly incompatible with public policy, including the failure of the issuing tribunal to observe minimum standards of due process, which include notice and an opportunity to be heard;
- the issuing tribunal lacked personal jurisdiction consistent with section 42-705;
 - (3) the order is not enforceable in the issuing country;
- (4) the order was obtained by fraud in connection with a matter procedure;
- record transmitted in accordance with section 53 of this act (5) a authenticity or integrity;
- (6) a proceeding between the same parties and having the same purpose is pending before a tribunal of this state and that proceeding was the first to be filed;
- the order is incompatible with a more recent support order involving same parties and having the same purpose if the more recent support order is entitled to recognition and enforcement under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act in this state;
- (8) payment, to the extent alleged arrears have been paid in whole or in
- (9) in a case in which the respondent neither appeared nor was represented <u>in the proceeding in the issuing foreign country:</u>
- (A) if the law of that country provides for prior notice of proceedings, the respondent did not have proper notice of the proceedings and an opportunity <u>to be heard; or</u>
- (B) if the law of that country does not provide for prior notice of the proceedings, the respondent did not have proper notice of the order and an opportunity to be heard in a challenge or appeal on fact or law before a tribunal; or
 - (10) the order was made in violation of section 58 of this act.
- (c) If a tribunal of this state does not recognize a Convention support order under subdivision (b)(2), (4), or (9) of this section:
- (1) the tribunal may not dismiss the proceeding without allowing reasonable time for a party to request the establishment of a new Convention support order; and
- (2) the Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services shall take all appropriate measures to request a child-support order for the obligee if the application for recognition and enforcement was received under section 51 of this act.
- If a tribunal of this state does not recognize and enforce a Sec. 56. Convention support order in its entirety, it shall enforce any severable part of the order. An application or direct request may seek recognition and partial enforcement of a Convention support order.
- Sec. 57. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (c) and (d) of this section, a tribunal of this state shall recognize and enforce a foreign

- <u>support agreement registered in this state.</u>
 (b) An application or direct request for recognition and enforcement of a foreign support agreement must be accompanied by:
 - (1) a complete text of the foreign support agreement; and
- (2) a record stating that the foreign support agreement is enforceable as <u>an order of support in the issuing country.</u>
- (c) A tribunal of this state may vacate the registration of a foreign support agreement only if, acting on its own motion, the tribunal finds that recognition and enforcement would be manifestly incompatible with public policy.
- (d) In a contest of a foreign support agreement, a tribunal of this state refuse recognition and enforcement of the agreement if it finds:
- (1) recognition and enforcement of the agreement is incompatible with public policy;
 - (2) the agreement was obtained by fraud or falsification;
- (3) the agreement is incompatible with a support order involving the same parties and having the same purpose in this state, another state, or a foreign country if the support order is entitled to recognition and enforcement under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act in this state; or
- (4) the record submitted under subsection (b) of this section lacks <u>authenticity or integrity.</u>
 (e) A proceeding for
- recognition and enforcement of a foreign support agreement must be suspended during the pendency of a challenge to or appeal of the agreement before a tribunal of another state or a foreign country.
- (a) A tribunal of this state may not modify a Convention child if the obligee remains a resident of the foreign country where support order the support order was issued unless:
- (1) the obligee submits to the jurisdiction of a tribunal of this state, either expressly or by defending on the merits of the case without objecting to
- the jurisdiction at the first available opportunity; or
 (2) the foreign tribunal lacks or refuses to exercise jurisdiction to modify its support order or issue a new support order.
- (b) If a tribunal of this state does not modify a Convention child support order because the order is not recognized in this state, subsection (c) of section 55 of this act applies.
- Sec. 59. to 60 of this Personal information gathered or transmitted under sections 48 act may be used only for the purposes for which it was gathered <u>or transmitted.</u>
- Sec. 60. A record filed with a tribunal of this state under sections 48 to 60 of this act must be in the original language and, if not in English, must <u>be accompanied by an English translation.</u>
- Sec. 61. The changes to the Uniform Interstate Family Support this legislative bill apply to proceedings begun on or after the effective date of this act to establish a support order or determine parentage of a child or to register, recognize, enforce, or modify a prior support order, determination, or agreement, whenever issued or entered.
- Sec. 62. If any section in this act or any part of any section is declared invalid or unconstitutional, the declaration shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of the remaining portions.
- Sec. 63. Original sections 42-701, 42-702, 42-703, 42-704, 42-705, 42-707, 42-708, 42-710, 42-711, 42-712, 42-713, 42-713.01, 42-713.02, 42-714, 42-717, 42-718, 42-719, 42-720, 42-721, 42-723, 42-724, 42-726, 42-729, 42-730, 42-731, 42-732, 42-733, 42-734.03, 42-734.04, 42-734.05, 42-735, 42-736, 42-737, 42-738, 42-739, 42-740, 42-741, 42-742, 42-743, 42-744, 42-745, 42-746, 42-747.01, and 42-747.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.

 Sec. 64. The following section is outright repealed: Section 42-748, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska
- Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.
- Sec. 65. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when passed and approved according to law.